

State sees oil train risks as acceptable

A study in mis-direction: Inslee's draft marine and rail oil transportation report

Dan Leahy

Over the next several months, Governor Inslee is inviting the public to focus their attention on this Department of Ecology report leading to support for legislative proposals by March 1, 2015.

The question is whether the public should accept his invitation to help enable the transportation of this unconventional Bakken and tar sands crude and to support his legislative initiatives or stay focused on local organizing, local jurisdictions, like Ports and City Councils, and statewide movement building.

I've come to believe that the only force capable of saving our land, labor and commonly held resources is an alliance of sovereign tribes, organized labor, farmer unions, and community based resistance groups working in concert with their local governmental jurisdictions.

The first draft appeared October 1 and the first comment hearings took place October 28 in Spokane and October 30 in Olympia. There will be more in the future.

Probably the first thing you notice about the report is what's not there. There no mention of the significant statewide municipal, community, farm, union and tribal opposition to his proposed oil terminals, expanding oil refineries, explosive oil trains and the misuse of our public ports. You would think there would at least be a nod to the cities like Vancouver who passed a resolution opposing the oil terminal at the Port of Vancouver and calling on the Port of Vancouver to rescind its lease with Tesoro/ Savage for a massive marine crude export terminal.

But then you notice who is writing the report. The Department of Ecology is the same state agency who on Inslee's watch issued declarations of non-significance for two of the three proposed oil terminals at Grays Harbor. Such declarations would have meant a fast track to construction. However, an alliance of community groups and the Quinault nation got those declarations overturned and now massive Environmental Impact Study (EIS) studies are in progress for all three terminals.

Having this biased department leading the study is bad enough, but then they list a BNSF "Senior Citizens Club", MainLine Management, Inc. as one of the authors of the draft report. This firm is the only rail consultant of the five firms listed as authors of the report. All three principals and all three associates in MainLine had long corporate careers with BNSF. BNSF is the dominant Class I railroad in this state and the main beneficiary of all the crude by trail traffic the Governor is facilitating.

MainLine, however, was apparently hired by **Environmental Research** Consulting (ERC) of Cortland Manor, NY. This firm, which has worked for the American Petroleum Institute and done previous studies for Ecology, has the sole

contract with Ecology for this study. Of the \$300,000 allocated by the Legislature for this study, ERC gets \$250,000 for a one year contract ending in June 2015.

Then you need to consider the actions of Inslee's Administration itself, not its rhetoric, but what it actually does. His policy. His Department of Transportation, State UTC, Freight

Mobility Strategic Investment Board and Community Economic Development Board all implement programs with BNSF as one of its main beneficiaries and to the detriment of expanded and current passenger service.

So what's the purpose of Inslee's Study? Mis-direction. It defines the problem as a federal issue and calls upon the US

...the authors of the study wait until the very end of

the report (p. 82) to state that the very things the

would be like calling upon BNSF's owner Warren Buffett to stop making money. It's not what they do.

Worse, the study's authors wait until the very end of the report (p. 82) to state that the very things that the public has been asking about are not considered by this study: "... the potential ways in which the crude by rail system and the

increase in port activities with new facilities affects tribal treaty rights, the environment and the regional economy" are "ancillary" and not the public has been asking about are not considered "direct topic" of the study.

Okay, if the study does not address how crude by rail affects tribal rights, the environment and the

regional economy, what does it attempt to tell us? The study's authors are trying to tell us all this risk is normal so there is no particular reason to get upset.... it's just some new risks. They do this with the repeated phrase "for decades."

"Tribal risks from spills currently exist in all areas of the state and have for

capability of inspecting less than 1% of rail activity and a policy of imploring railroads rather than regulating them. Calling upon the FRA to regulate rail

▶ INSLEE'S REPORT, continued on page 10.

Coast Guard and the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) to do something. The USCG actually regulates marine traffic, but the FRA is an industry dominated entity with the current

Tax me! I believe in civilization

When it comes to taxes, Washington has the most regressive in the nation

in this study.

Emily Lardner

The Supreme Court in Washington State is insisting that basic education be fully funded, and the group responsible for making that happen is the State Legislature. It's not clear how exactly that's going to happen.

It is clear we have a 'revenue gap"—our state doesn't collect enough revenue in taxes to pay for basic services and the McCleary decision will cost an additional 1.4 billion in this biennium. This comes on top of the .9 billion required to

fund current educational obligations. So, simply in terms of K-12 education, we're 2.3 billion short.

According to the Washington State Budget and Policy Center, if the legislature goes the route of NOT raising taxes, but tries to meet the demands of McCleary through cuts, we would lose all funding for:

- Public four-year colleges and universities (1 billion)
- Student financial aid (660 million)
- Cost of living increases for teachers (360 million)

 Food assistance for vulnerable families (24 million)

Food assistance, offender supervision, housing assistance, early learning support, cost of living increases for teachers, public higher education and access to it through loans—these are essential pillars in a civilized society today. We can't have a democracy without a strong system of public education, and given the same structural inequities that make public higher education a necessity, we also need to insure that

> qualified students have access to that education regardless of family income and wealth. Without fair wages, schools across the state won't be able to attract and retain highly qualified teachers. Without teachers,

students won't thrive. Each item on this list depends on the others in order to be fully realized, and yet all are in danger.

And yet, we may give all this up. Unlike most states, we don't have an income tax.

▶ A NEW DAY, continued on page 7.

In WA, the average income for families in the bottom 20% was \$11,500. State and local taxes required 16.9% of their income. WA families with incomes in the top one percent pay 2.8%.

- Early learning for young children (112 million)
- Housing assistance for individuals with disabilities (79 million)
- Offender supervision (65 million)

WORKS IN PROGRESS

ESTABLISHED IN 1990 BY THE THURSTON COUNTY RAINBOW COALITION

Works In Progress is a free, all volunteer-operated progressive community publication based in Olympia, Washington. Opinions expressed do not necessarily reflect those of Works In Progress and are solely those of the authors.

Submissions

Please send text as Word attachments. Artwork and photos can be sent electronically or we can scan them for you as camera-ready/black & white

Works In Progress is committed to stories misrepresented or ignored by the mainstream media. We value local, well-researched news stories, accounts of personal experience and reflections by local authors. Opinion pieces, also valued, are often best supported by facts, examples, and sources, and we encourage writers to include these elements to submissions. We're also looking for graphics, poetry, cartoons, and articles that push the boundaries of conventional journalism.

WIP reserves the right to publish in whole or part all submissions. For editing purposes, please enclose your phone number. Articles may be reprinted. Please cite sources.

If your issue isn't being covered in Works In Progress, it's because you aren't writing about it! (Or haven't found someone else to cover it!)

Send submissions to olywip@gmail.com or mail to Works In Progress, PO Box 295, Olympia, WA 98507-0295.

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WIP will make every effort to work with the contributor of material considered by WIP to be offensive in order to reach a mutually agreed upon resolution, but WIP reserves the right as a last resort to edit or not print submitted material.

Mission Statement

Our aim is to confront injustice and encourage a participatory democracy based on economic, social, and environmental justice. Works In Progress is dedicated to providing a voice for those most affected by the exclusionary and unfair practices that seek to silence the oppressed.

Anti-Discrimination Clause

We will collectively endeavor to be sensitive and respectful to all those oppressed in this society and their issues. However, if and when we should make a mistake in this regard, we expect to acknowledge it and to express regret for injury or insult given.

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WIP is archived on microfilm by the University of Washington Library. Some issues are held in the Timberland Library system. The last five years are online at www.olywip.org

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On the front cover —

The bomb just waiting to happen **Graphic Artist: Vince Ryland**

Homelessness Leadership Summit

Using fierce data to inform local programs

Discussing what works and what does not

Theresa Slusher

An exciting project took place throughout October that I am extremely proud to share with readers this month. SideWalk and the Interfaith Overnight Shelter, both programs of Interfaith Works, partnered to conduct vulnerability assessments five nights a week with people who

are street dependent in and around downtown Olympia. The assessment asks questions such as: In the past six months, how many times have you been to the emergency department/ room? How many times have you had interaction with the police? How many times have you been hospitalized as an inpatient, including hospitalizations in a mental health hospital? Does anyone force or trick you into doing anything you don't want

The assessment tool they are using is called a VI-SPDAT, Vulnerability Index-Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool, which was created and designed by two

national organizations--Community Solutions and OrgCode Consulting. The tool is designed to help communities quickly assess the health and social needs of people experiencing homelessness. At of the writing of this article, 132 assessments had already been completed and entered into a spreadsheet and sorted by highest to lowest according to the vulnerability

The vulnerability assessment not only allows us to know who is most vulnerable on the streets because of a physical or mental illness, addiction or being preyed upon, it also helps systems of care such as police, jails, emergency rooms, EMTs, and mental

per day, per person when people access these interventions. Too often, people with chronic mental illness lose all supports, become homeless and many become high users of the most expensive services on this chart.

people will be offered a shelter bed in the new Interfaith Overnight Shelter

us to identify high users of expensive
It is much cheaper for communities health hospitals.

The following chart shows the cost

For the first time in our community, based on data (vulnerability scores)

to figure out how to shelter and house people with appropriate supports than it is to do nothing at all.

I have to admit, I've always had a love/ hate relationship with data.

My daughter and I discussed a math problem recently. It went something like this: Sally is on the middle step of a ladder. If Sally goes down 4 steps, then up 7 steps, and then down 13 steps, she will be on the very first step of the ladder. How many steps does the ladder have altogether?

We joked that Associate of Science students get to work on the

problem, but Associate of Arts students ask what is Sally doing on that ladder?

What is happening in the field of housing people who have become homeless is we are holding in balance both of those tendencies; we are looking at what the data shows is most effective and efficient at stabilizing people's housing and we are doing that in a way that meets people where they are mentally, physically and emotionally.

Meg Martin, Program Director for the Interfaith Overnight Shelter and Phil Owen, Program Director for SideWalk both say that this is

why they are working together on the vulnerability assessment project. They are looking forward to where we need to be as a community to house the most difficult to house.

The vulnerability assessment project is the latest example of how our homeless system is collecting data and using that information to track performance and outcomes. We aim to stabilize housing for people experiencing homelessness and we are tracking how effective our programs are creating those outcomes. At the Homelessness Leadership Summit in May, Phil Owen hosted a discussion about fierce data. Employing this nationwide best practice of targeting shelter and supportive housing to those who are high users of expensive public services is something that makes me proud of our community and the individuals like Meg and Phil who are making it happen.

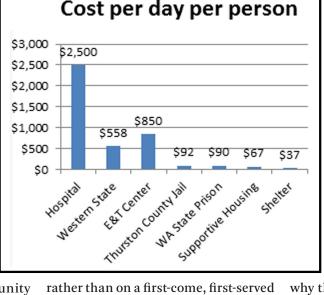
If you would like to be a part of the great work that both of these programs do, please consider becoming a volunteer at SideWalk or the Overnight Shelter, or both! Email Aslan at aslanm@walkthurston.org for more information.

It begins with outreach, engagement and providing safety. that builds trust and a sense of relationship. to collect vulnerability assessments and to prioritize shelter beds and supportive housing units.

Theresa Slusher has over 20 years of experience in the field of affordable and homeless housing. She has worked for non-profit organizations, government and as an independent consultant. Her career follows a pattern of making positive impacts in one area, then looking ahead to where she could be of further service. Much of her work of the past ten years has been in community impact at the local, county and state levels in the field of affordable housing and homeless housing systems.

This article is the fourth in a series coming out of the Olympia Homelessness Summit held in May of 2014. The Summit was meant to be a convening of leaders, but was also meant to be the start of a longer community conversation.

Please visit the Facebook page dedicated to continuing this important conversation: facebook.com/homelessn essleadershipcircleofolympia.



basis. The shelter will offer their 30 beds to those who score highest in vulnerability based on the assessments conducted in October. The 12 shelter beds provided by St. Michaels and Sacred Heart Churches will be offered to those scoring next highest in vulnerability. Controlled studies in other communities across the nation show significant cost savings when high users of expensive systems of care are sheltered and housed in supportive housing. Short shelter stays that lead to stable housing are cheaper and more humane than the other interventions.

Olympia Coalition for Ecosystems Preservation

Benefit for the Westside Heronry

Sunday, November 16, 5-9 pm Page Street Café, 903 Rogers St NW, Olympia

Music provided by: The Lowest Pair, Music is the Bridge, and The Ukulele Quartet.

Guest artists include: Nicki McClure, Chris Maple, Linda Chapman

Silent auction. T-shirts and a heron calendar featuring professional photographs of Olympia's herons will be available for sale.



Olympia will dearly miss warrior poet Craig Oare, 1947-2014

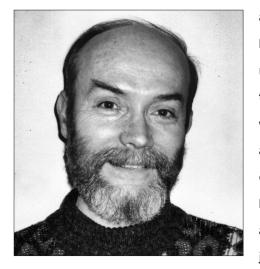
Craig Oare came to the close of his life at the age of 66, on October 9, 2014, surrounded by the primal beauty of his much-loved Olympic National Forest.

Craig was an accomplished Olympia poet and author of six chapbooks. He was a longtime member of Olympia Poetry Network and Warrior Poets Society. He loved to spend time downtown at Traditions, where he could often be found drinking coffee, discussing politics, life, or baseball with friends, and working on poems.

During the more than thirty years he resided in Olympia, Craig worked as a caregiver, school bus driver, and, his favorite, a bookseller at Orca Books. Prior to moving to Olympia, Craig also enjoyed working at Raintree Nursery in Morton.

The firstborn child of Dale and Irma Oare, Craig entered the world on November 8, 1947 in Iowa. He grew up in southern California, and earned his B.A. in history at the University of California at Santa Cruz.

To his family and many friends, Craig was a sparkling presence in our lives, a gently yet strongly determined force for good in the world, a deep thinker, and a master of puns. He is survived in loving memory by his dad and second mom, Dale and Sherry Oare of South



Dakota, and his sister and brother-inlaw, Bonnie and Marc Jones of Olympia.

There will be a memorial gathering on Saturday, November 8, 2014 at 4:00 pm in the sanctuary of Olympia Unitarian Universalist Congregation, 2300 East End Street NW, Olympia. Friends are invited to speak, read, play music, or simply sit and listen, in honor of Craig.

Memories and messages may be posted to Craig's guest book on www. legacy.com. Craig left his wish that in lieu of flowers, donations may be made to Amnesty International.

BRICK is back at SPSCC

After taking a year hiatus, BRICK (Building Revolution by Increasing Community Knowledge) is back and ready to bring more exciting events to the SPSCC campus and the Olympia community. BRICK serves as a venue to bring marginalized voices, alternative media, and progressive ideas to SPSCC and Olympia in the form of speakers, films, debates, panels, and other

BRICK is a student organization at South Puget Sound Community College that focuses on progressive/ social justice issues. Our next event is



"Movie Mondays" to be held every other Monday at 2:00 PM on campus. Follow us on facebook as BRICK SPSCC or check our websight spsecbrick.org and keep up with us on our new monthly column in WIP-Column of BRICK.

-Stephanie Frizzell

Author of Another Politics: Talking Across Today's Transformative Movements to speak

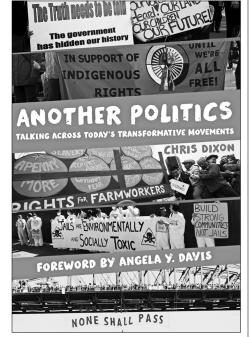
Tuesday, November 4, 7 pm Orca Books

509 East 4th Ave, Olympia

Chris Dixon will be speaking in Olympia on Tuesday, November 4 and reading from his book, Another Politics.

Drawing on interviews with dozens of experienced organizers, Chris Dixon, in his just published book, Another Politics: Talking Across Today's Transformative Movements engages the convergence of anti-authoritarian radicalism and broader-based movements in the U.S. and Canada. From this convergence, activist--from anti-poverty organizers in Toronto to prison abolitionists in Oakland, from occupy activists in New York to migrant justice organizers in Vancouver--are developing shared politics and practices. These efforts combine anti-authoritarian, anticapitalist, anti-oppression politics with grassroots organizing among ordinary, non-activist people. Another Politics explores these efforts and distills lessons for building effective, visionary movements.

Chris Dixon, originally from Alaska, is a longtime anarchist organizer, writer, and educator with a PhD from the University of California at Santa Cruz. He graduated from the Evergreen State College in 1999.



His writing has appeared in numerous book collections as well as periodicals such as Anarchist Studies, Clamor, Left Turn, and Social Movement Studies. He serves on the board of the Institute for Anarchist Studies and the advisory board for the activist journal Upping the

Dixon lives in Ottawa, Canada, on unceded Algonquin Territory, where he is involved in anti-poverty organizing.

Dear Friends

by Craig Oare

It's my fate or fortune to be off work today, and here are a few jumbled jottings: It's the end of May, a warm Wednesday, my sister's anniversary, the morning after the evening when we walked down our westside hill and she took some striking photos of the Stryker ship at the Port of Olympia. It looked like something from Star Wars, a big Death Star war boat juxtaposed with a postcard image of Rainier in its summer glory. One of the cranes from that angle resembled monstrous alligator jaws, loading lethal equipment bound for the oil fields of Armageddon. I'd planned to rest my aching foot, but I've got to go down there today. I smile for at least a few moments as I walk on West Bay Drive--

our redwood radical friend Remedy has posted those photos on indymedia.

Hey Bonnie, we did good on that one.

The headlines adorn the downtown corners:

PORT PROTESTS ESCALATE.

I limp along the creaking boardwalk past dogwalkers and marina boaters.

A gray lawyer bustles by,

muttering to someone about suing someone.

The ship looks green and gray too, the US Navy's Pomeroy, and when I take off my sunglasses it's even worse, a kind of corpse-like green.

A sign reads: Port Plaza, Waterfront **Festival**

and Community Gathering Place.

A crane is labeled Starport--

like I said, the Death Star!

Seagulls, sailboats, a KING-TV truck,

but the protesters and the officers still seem to be catching up on sleep

after last nights "waterfront festival."

A sudden chill as two cops pass by,

then put on a smiley PR routine

with some old folks and their ribboned poodle.

I see a guy in a wheelchair, a grizzled patriot with a sad little flag

out at the end of the dock alone. Now a Coast Guard patrol boat

with, my god, machine guns fore & aft,

drifts over and they talk to him,

and apparently order him away.

▶ **CRAIG,** continued on page 5.

Special Events

Matter Gallery is haunted!!! Friday, October 31, 7 pm **Matter! Gallery** 422 Washington St SE, Olympia

Matter....the final frontier.

Come enjoy the Star Trek installation: Pat Tassoni's Lifesize bridge replica of the starship Enterprise including Captain Kirk's command chair. Play with rayguns, order an attack on enemy aliens and take your picture at the helm or in command.

Featuring some of the dark arts and scenes. Plus creepy visuals and nightmarish art by Seth Chance, Elliot Night, Roxanna Groves, Diana Kurzyna, Chris Blevins, Sherryl Jackson, Jude Manley, Joe Pogan and more.

Satan, himself, will be on hand to welcome you personally through the Gates of HELL. Do you dare? Wait, can the devil be photographed? Your epitaph will be an eternal selfie.

\$3 per soul / \$5 per pair. Costumes encouraged!

The Raccoon Collective's 8th **WestSide ArtsWalk** Saturday, November 1, 4 pm - 12 am **Westside Olympia**

The Raccoon Collective presents its 8th Halloween WestSide Artswalk! Come join us for an evening of artistic celebration in the homes of your friends and neighbors.

Since 2007 the Raccoon Collective has periodically organized artswalks in the heart of the westside community. For an evening houses open themselves up to their neighbors hosting: galleries, skill shares, plays, shows, haunted houses, etc. Through these means we hope to play a small part in the project to re-embed the arts into our daily lives and community.

MILLION MASK MARCH Wednesday, November 5, 2 pm Sylvester Park, Olympia Capital Way S & Legion Way SE

Once again, we are having the Million Mask March in Olympia! The same rules from last year, apply to us this year. Also, be warned that JTTF, WSP, and BofA will be attempting to spy on us, again. They have already begun attempts at thwarting our efforts by creating fake Anonymous pages and events. Be wary of any events that look suspicious. Join them at your

Western WA FOR Fall Retreat Saturday, November 8, **Gwinwood Conference Center** 6015 30th Ave SE, Lacey, WA

The overall theme of this year's Retreat is 'Economic Justice for the 99%"

Third Party Forum November 16 at 6:00 PM Traditions Cafe, 300 5th, Olympia

Hear the parties speak! Steven Nielson will speak for the Libertarians, Tom Nogler for the Greens, Joe Robinson as an Anarchist, and the Socialist is still to be announced.

Speakers will give brief introductions to their philosophies. In the next round they'll tackle various local problems such as the Port of Olympia's desire to transport proppants. Finally they'll take questions from the audience.

It will be a fun and informative evening with potluck dessert buffet. Free event, all are welcome.

For info contact: janetjordan@fastmail.fm

Olympia Record Show 2014 Saturday, November 22, 3 - 7 pm **Olympia Elks Lodge** 1818 East 4th Ave, Olympia

ATTENTION VINYL RECORD ENTHU-SIASTS!!! Rainy Day Record Co. is once again very excited to present the next OLYMPIA RECORD SHOW on Saturday, November 22, 2014 at the Olympia Elks Lodge. The show is open to the public, with \$3 admission at/after 3 pm and \$10 early bird admission at 2 pm. The event will feature thousands of records for sale in all genres, DJs, and a full bar for 21+!!!

Local effort to bring Indigenous People's Day to Olympia

Jayne Rossman

On October 6, 2014, Seattle's city council passed a resolution declaring the second Monday in October (formerly Columbus Day) to be Indigenous Peoples' Day. On October 13, Bellingham changed Columbus Day to Coast Salish Day and Portland,

Oregon's schools officially dropped Columbus Day Peoples' Day.

local supporters attended Olympia's city council meeting to urge the city to institute our own Indigenous Peoples' Day.

The celebration of Columbus Day has upset

and angered indigenous Americans since its creation in 1934, but they're not the only ones who disagree with the holiday. Although many historical figures don't entirely measure up to modern mores, Christopher Columbus' history is truly appalling. Columbus, who never actually set foot on the land that we now call the United States, was brutal in his quest for gold. According to his own diary, Columbus kidnapped six Taino people on his very first trip to shore, "As soon as I arrived in the Indies, on the first Island which I found, I took some of the natives by force in order that they might learn and might give me information of whatever there is in these parts."

He noted that, "With fifty men we could subjugate them all and make them do whatever we want." On return trips, he instituted barbaric punishments, including mutilation and death, for anyone who refused to carry out his orders; allowed his men to keep young girls as sex slaves ("those from nine to ten are now in demand," he noted in his diary); and then kidnapped 500 people to bring back to Spain as slaves, beginning the international slave trade. 200 of the kidnapped Taino people died before reaching Spain.

Though the recent spate of cities enacting Indigenous Peoples' Day (beginning with Minneapolis in April) has a breathtaking momentum, the push to create the holiday has been ongoing for more than thirty-seven years. In 1977, representatives from more than sixty indigenous nations across North and South America attended the International Conference on Discrimination Against Indigenous Populations in the Americas (sponsored by the United Nations). It was there that the idea of Indigenous Peoples' Day was first officially proposed, and a resolution passed.

Thirteen years later, representatives from 120 native nations met in Ecuador for the First Continental Conference on 500 years of Indian Resistance, and once again agreed that Columbus

Day should be abolished in favor of a holiday "to strengthen our process of continental unity and struggle towards

More recently, and more locally, the **Affiliated Tribes of Northwest Indians** passed resolution #11-57 in 2011 to "Support to Change Columbus Day (2nd Monday of October) to Indigenous Peoples' Day". Our neighbors in the

in favor of Indigenous "We have a very exciting opportunity," Lucas The next day, about forty Anderson said during his comment, "to not attendance via social only end up on the right side of history, but to do our part, however small, in healing some part of that history itself.

> Nisqually, Chehalis, Duwamish, Puyallup, Squaxin and Suquamish nations are all members of the Affiliated Tribes.

> Public comment on the topic of Indigenous Peoples' Day at Olympia's city council meeting began with Anna Sublan, of the Quileute nation. "We are asking you to replace Columbus Day with Indigenous Peoples' Day,' she began, "because our old people suffered so that I could be here today."

> The issue of whether the creation of an Indigenous Peoples' Day would technically replace Columbus Day in Olympia was a bit uncertain.

> "We don't celebrate Columbus Day. We don't acknowledge it," City Manager Steve Hall explained before the public comment period began. He noted, "There is one small exception - we don't enforce downtown parking on that day. Not to celebrate Christopher Columbus, but because we don't want to confuse our customers, because the banks are closed and the federal government's

> Heads nodded in the audience as Anna Sublan said, "The public doesn't see federal law, the public doesn't see state law. This is something that we just see in the general. As people."

The theme of what we chose to celebrate, and what it means for our community, continued through other supporters' testimony.

"I want my daughter and kids in our community to grow up with respect for each other and for cultures not their own," Laura Kaszynski said. "We can do better than Columbus. We can do a lot better."

Supporters spoke to the healing potential of Indigenous Peoples' Day, the relationships with local nations and native citizens that could be



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strengthened, and the sense that the new holiday would be a step toward acknowledging and mending historical

"I want the place that I live in to continue the reconciliation with the tribes," Brian Frisina stated. "There are bad things that happened on this land. We can make a difference."

"Honor the first people by giving

them that day back," he continued.

Lucas Anderson, who organized supporters' media, spoke to the deep respect that Olympia's community and city government has with our native neighbors, "These very halls," he said, gesturing at the

council's chambers, "were blessed ceremoniously by local Salish elders."

"This is noble and healing work," he

At the end of the public comment period, council members Cooper and Roe moved for the issue to be sent to the General Government committee, and the council agreed. Although a specific date for when the draft resolution will be discussed in committee has not been set, organizers are beginning the work of bringing the draft resolution to

local tribes for edits and endorsements. Additional outreach to the Olympia community, including businesses and faith organizations, is being planned.

"We have a very exciting opportunity," Lucas Anderson said during his comment, "to not only end up on the right side of history, but to do our part, however small, in healing some part of that history itself. Let's make yesterday the last Columbus day we honor in Olympia. Let's do the right thing and change the day to Indigenous Peoples' Day so that next year we can stand in these halls, hand in hand, with a celebration honoring the noble and healing work that this community stands for."

To find out more about the Olympia movement to create Indigenous Peoples' Day, including reading the draft resolution, please see our blog at www.olyindigenouspeoplesday. wordpress.com. You can also email us at indigenouspeoplesdayinolympia@

Letters to Olympia's city council and to The Olympian are encouraged. Council members can be emailed at citycouncil@ci.olympia.wa.us.

Jayne Rossman is part of the working group to institute Indigenous Peoples' Day in Olympia.

DRAFT resolution declaring the second Monday in October to be Indigenous Peoples' Day 10.17.14

A RESOLUTION relating to Indigenous Peoples' Day; declaring the second Monday in October as Indigenous Peoples' Day in the City of Olympia; and encouraging other institutions to recognize the Day.

WHEREAS, the City of Olympia recognizes that Indigenous Nations have lived upon this land since time immemorial and values the progress our society has accomplished through American Indian technology, thought, and culture; and

WHEREAS, the City recognizes the fact that Olympia is built upon the homeland and meeting places of the Indigenous Peoples of this region, without whom the building of the City would not have been possible; and

WHEREAS, the Medicine Creek Treaty, which established the future formal relationship between the U.S. and Native Nations and provided the foundation for Washington's Boldt decision, was signed at the Nisqually delta, and

WHEREAS, the offspring of the original Treaty Tree, under which the Medicine Creek Treaty was signed, now grows within City limits as a testimony to the ongoing responsibilities agreed to by the signatories; and

WHEREAS, the City promotes the closing of the equity gap for Indigenous Peoples through policies and practices that reflect the experiences of Indigenous Peoples, ensure greater access and opportunity, and honor our nation's indigenous roots, history, and contributions; and

WHEREAS, Indigenous Peoples' Day was first proposed in 1977 by a delegation of Native Nations to the United Nations- sponsored International Conference on Discrimination Against Indigenous Populations in the Americas; and

WHEREAS, in 2011 the Affiliated Tribes of Northwest Indians, representing 59 Tribes from Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Northern California, Western Montana and some Alaskan Tribes, passed resolution #11-57 to "Support to Change Columbus Day (2nd Monday of October) to Indigenous Peoples' Day"; and

WHEREAS, the United States federal government and various local institutions recognize Columbus Day on the second Monday of October, in accordance with the federal holiday established in 1937.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved by The City Council of The City of Olympia: That the City of Olympia shall hereafter recognize Indigenous Peoples' Day on the second Monday in October.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Indigenous Peoples' Day shall be used to celebrate the thriving culture and values that the Squaxin, Nisqually, Puyallup, Chehalis, Suquamish, Duwamish, and other Indigenous nations add to our city, and to reflect upon the ongoing struggles of indigenous people on

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City of Olympia reaffirms our ongoing commitment to fostering communication with local nations on issues concerning indigenous people.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City of Olympia strongly encourages Olympia Public Schools to include the teaching of indigenous peoples' history and the contribution of American Indian nations to the state of Washington, as stated in the Millennial Accord of 1999 and recommended by Chapter 205, Session Laws of 2005.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City of Olympia encourages other businesses, organizations and public entities to recognize Indigenous Peoples'

Veterans' Day 2014

For goodness' sake, let's stop drinking the Kool-Aid

Sylvia Smith

The ultimate weakness of violence is that it is a descending spiral, begetting the very thing it seeks to destroy. Instead of diminishing evil, it multiplies it. Martin Luther King, Jr.

In the six months leading up to the invasion of Iraq in 2003, I began to stand with Olympia's chapter of Women in Black. Mostly attended by middle-aged and older women, it was a lovely and determined group.

Together we witnessed that even in Olympia, with the heavy influence of Evergreen, the draw of violence was far greater. In a country that claims a love of democracy and civil liberties, there was surprisingly little tolerance expressed to us.

As we demonstrated against the military violation of a nation the United States had already been bombing for over a decade, we watched as people—generally young males—leaned out of the windows of passing vehicles liberally dropping f-bombs. And when a bus load

of young recruits passed by with their middle fingers prominently displayed, I wondered, "What sort of 'defenders of liberty' will they make?"

Howard Zinn once reasoned that "it's exactly when you are about to go into a war, that you need your freedom of speech. You need the most sharp and honest discussion of what is going on because lives are at stake. War is

a matter of life and death. That's when you need to be sure you are doing the right thing in national policy."

Not quite a decade later, I listened to a radio commentator who had originally supported the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq, but had eventually come to believe they were mistakes. His statement of reversal was not surprising, but his criticism of peace activists was. Instead of saying he erred in judgment and regretted the deaths and damage done, he complained that once Obama had been elected the demonstrators against the wars had disappeared. (He apparently doesn't live in Olympia.)

Many soldiers who went to Iraq have come back broken. Whether death, injury, or emotional trauma, what has been brought back to the States has been a tragedy and a burden to soldiers' families and communities. The hazards this country put them through were needless and barbaric. As we all know, it was an unnecessary war. Iraq was not involved in 9/11; there were no weapons of mass destruction. They lied.

Is it biological?

In the early 1980s, Robert Sapolsky, a Stanford biologist, was studying a baboon troupe in Kenya. Typically hierarchical, baboon troupes are dominated by aggressive males over females and less-dominate males, not too dissimilar to Western culture.

The data Sapolsky recorded revealed the dominate males were the healthiest and long-lived of the troupe. The rest

and long-lived of the troupsuffered from various illnesses and early deaths. There is a twist to the story however. At one point the dominate males began to regularly feast on refuse from a local tourist lodge. Unfortunately, some of the garbage was laden with tuberculosis. They all contracted TB and died off. Gone.

This dramatic event had an immediate effect on

the social dynamics of the troupe and was an important message for Homo sapiens. With the aggressive males dead, the ratio of females to males became two to one. The remaining males were much less aggressive. This changed *everything*. Baboons are matrilineal so when additional young males joined the troupe they were taught by the surviving baboons to be cooperative rather than aggressive with the interesting outcome that the health of all members improved significantly as well as life expectancy.

Violence, as this study shows, is not biological; it's cultural. So, do we drink the Kool-Aid or not? We have a choice.

Violence vs. nonviolence

In Raphael S. Ezekiel's book, *The Racist Mind: Portraits of American Neo-Nazis and Klansmen*, he spoke of people raised in a world where there are no competing concepts of how the world is constructed and who and what matters. People's beliefs about the world are then held "in a dull and muddled and jumbled fashion," oftentimes contradictory. This is frequently evident when this nation

Andwhen a bus load of young recruits passed by with their middle fingers prominently displayed, I wondered, "What sort of 'defenders of liberty' will they make?"

honors the memory and works of Martin Luther King, Jr.—an unflinching proponent of non-violence. It singularly focuses on King's civil rights efforts and his desire for racial equality, but fails to acknowledge King's equally important message that we "must evolve for all human conflict a method which rejects revenge, aggression, and retaliation."

The United State Army on its website, in additional to its commitment to diversity, states its intention to "lift up our fellow human beings both at home and around the world to honor Dr. King's memory and reaffirm our common humanity." While the military member who wrote those words is probably sincere in his intent, the late Margo Adair once wrote, "action is the lifeblood of belief." The purpose of military organizations is antithetical to King's core beliefs.

In his Nobel Peace prize acceptance speech in 2009, Obama also honored Martin Luther King and quoted him. "Violence never brings permanent peace. It solves no social problem: it merely creates new and more complicated ones." And then, incomprehensively, Obama prattles on for thirty minutes on how the "use of force can be not only necessary but morally justified" and that "the United States of America has helped underwrite global security for more than six decades with the blood of our citizens and the strength of our arms."

When we as a nation edit out inconvenient ideas that challenge our beliefs and limit our ability to reflect on

the outcomes of our actions, we commit immoral acts and demand unreasonable expectations. What would have been our memories of King if he, too, had met force with force; if he had said we have no other option but to meet oppression with aggression?

King was a moral man with unalterable convictions who was willing to live and die by them. Contrary to Obama's view that King was naïve of the dangers in the world, King, as an African-American living in the Deep South during Jim Crow, most certainly was aware. And he was not moved.

Veterans as victims

Veterans' Day is coming up and every year I do not celebrate it. I think about those who have been sent to WWII. Vietnam, Afghanistan and Iraq, and the deaths and injuries. I think about the emotional turmoils and the doubts some have shared with me and the memories they will and have carried until the end of their days. I do not think of them as heroes. I think of them as victims.

These wars have not been for any good

purpose. WWII was because of the effects of the Treaty of Versailles following WWI and WWI was about nothing but foolishness. Vietnam was fought on a false belief. When the U.S. lost, the domino effect did not happen. The Taliban was not involved in 9/11 and Iraq did not have weapons of mass destruction. None of these wars were righteous and all of them were horrible.

And now there is ISIS. What are we to believe about that? If what they say is true, then we are responsible for its creation as the WW I Allies were responsible in setting the stage for the Nazis.

And don't think that WWII was a good and noble war. After discovering that Hitler was primarily interested in seizing the Soviet Union, Churchill was willing to sacrifice Eastern Europe and change sides, but Roosevelt refused. (*The Nazis: A warning from history*)

Churchill was able though to delay the Western Front so Germany could inflict as much damage in the USSR as possible, which unfortunately also gave the Nazis plenty of time to design, build, and operate the death camps killing millions.

We, and the soldiers who may be our future victims, cannot hope to be as fortunate as the baboon troupe. We alone must make the alterations to our nation from the bottom up that will lead it to one based on cooperation and mutual respect for all. We must stop believing the untruths we are told including the falsehood that violence is the only solution. If you doubt my words, ask the people of Iraq if they are better off.

Darkness cannot drive out darkness; only light can do that. Hate cannot drive out hate; only love can do that.

Hate multiplies hate; violence multiplies violence, and toughness multiplies toughness in a descending spiral of destruction...

The chain reaction of evil—hate begetting hate, wars producing more wars—must be broken, or we shall be plunged into the dark abyss of annihilation.

Martin Luther King, Jr.

Sylvia Smith is a longtime member of Works In Progress and a niece of Phillip J. Anderson, Sr. who fought hand-to-hand combat in the Aleutian Islands during

▶ Craig, continued from page 3.

As I leave to go get too much coffee,
I pass by a chattering cellphone girl,
elbows on her purple chakra book,
picking up those cosmic vibes
in the last days of the empire.
Then I stand in Otto's long line
and talk to an Earth First! guy.
His spirit soars on days like this.
I think of those poodle-playing cops-they will not play with this young man,
and I can only say, hey, take care.
It starts to drizzle as I head back.
The holy mountain will not be out today,
and our spectacle will lack that surreal
detail.
I walk by a statue called Motherhood,

I walk by a statue called Motherhood, and I realize I've never really seen it.

She cradles her tiny infant with the death ship close behind, and seems to say: Oh no, not this one, you'll never take this child.

Another sign: Welcome to Port Plaza, with, you've got to be kidding me, a picture of a curly-tailed pig!

I'm not making this up, folks,

I'm looking at an official Port of Oly insignia of a pig--as more police arrive, keeping an eye on the protest signs that wait for their bearers to claim them.

The signs say Get Out of Iraq,
Get Out Of Our Town,
No More Lying & Spying.
It's still early, so I go for lunch
at a place called the Dockside Deli.
I sip on a corporate cola
and think about the revolution.
It's been a long time coming,
as the old song goes. Who sang that? Sigh.
Large people with small dogs go by,
they look like mortality is close behind,
but the draft-age boy at the next tablemay the gods grant that he outlives me.

Maybe I should speak to him, but I don't.

As I head back toward the killing machine,

I see playground kids laughing and crying

He's calling an ad for a motorcycle,

muscles filling his football t-shirt.

on their bright little swings and slides.

What will become of their lives, as they cook in the filth of our abundance

in the ruins of the natural world?

That's enough for now of humanity,

I need to find a big tree.

I'll rest a while on a quiet trail, and we'll see what happens later.

to YOUR progressive community!

Sign-up for the TC Pro-Net Picks events newsletter www.tcpronet.org

(5/31/06)

A better world is possible

The prominent and the pispensable (Race and class in America)

Enrique Quintero

Photo Exhibits #1 and #2

The first picture features Dr. Henry Louis Gates, Professor and Director of the Hutchins Center for African American Research at Harvard University, being arrested for break-in to what was his own home located within a short distance from the school. Meanwhile, the second one shows Dr. Gates and Sgt. James Crowley, the arresting officer, having beer with President Obama at the White House. As you can see from the two photos in question, they reveal different messages. One uncovers a

tinize how prominent

Black men deal with

are being treated by the

powers of the State, ver-

sus how common Black

people have been treated

in the Ferguson case.

surprised and hostile reaction while the other displays a truce.

Professor Gates' event took place in July 2009, a few months after Barack racism, and how they Obama took office as President of the United States. The socalled "Beer Summit" did not result in any specific apology by the police, but the photo represented for many Americans the beginning of

a new era of race relations, or as the newly elected first black president of the nation put it "I have always believed that what brings us together is stronger than what pulls us apart." The mute language of photographs seemed to suggest at the time that the two black men from Harvard and Sgt. Crowleywho were joined later by Vice-President Biden for drinks and snacks—were up to something good and significant.

Photo Exhibit #3

The third picture shows the police using force against people protesting the killing of Michael Brown, an 18-year old unarmed African American man, fatally shot by the police while walking on Canfield Drive, in Ferguson, Missouri.

The shooting of Michael Brown in Ferguson took place just a few of months ago. It seems fair to ask ourselves how often police shoot unarmed black men. Jaeah Lee from Mother Jones magazine answers to this question by stating that, "The killing of Michael Brown by police in Ferguson, Missouri was not an anomaly: as we reported yesterday (8-15-2014), Brown is one of at least four unarmed black men who died at the hands of the police in the last month alone." Although there is not an official agency in charge of tracking unarmed victims, as Jaeah Lee notes, studies by publications such as Color Lines and the Chicago Reporter conclude that there are a disproportionally high number of black Americans among police shooting victims particularly in cities such as New York, San Diego and Las Vegas.

Bud Light, tear gas, rubber bullets, and the new apartheid

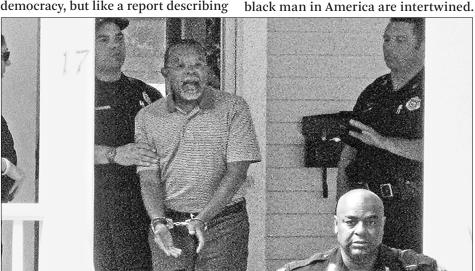
Racism is hard to ignore in America; it has been an integral part of the national character of its dominant groups and allies since the beginning of the nation. But it is also important to scrutinize how nowadays prominent black men deal with racism, and how they are being treated by the powers of the State (in this case represented by Obama himself as the head of State) versus how common black people have been treated in the Ferguson case. There are clear differences between the conciliatory triangle of interracial libation formed by Obama, Gates, and Sgt. Crowley (we

can only imagine what are they toasting It is important to scru- to in the photo) versus the brutal police response to the legitimate protests in Ferguson. Amnesty International, an organization created fifty years ago to protect the dignity and human rights of those imprisoned or harassed for their beliefs, is generally associated with the investigation of government abuses at

hands of third world dictators or "Cold War" era eastern regimes. Yesterday (October 24) Amnesty International released a lengthy report called "On the Streets of America: Human Rights Abuses in Ferguson", which casts a gloomy light on the conditions of human rights in the nation. The report quotes Navi Pillay, The United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, condemning the excessive use of force by the police in Ferguson, and making a "call for the rights of protest to be respected. These scenes are familiar to me and privately I was thinking that there are many parts of the United States where Apartheid is flourishing."

Apartheid was a shameful term used to describe the harsh conditions of discrimination and racial segregation enforced by the white government of the National party in South Africa, aimed to restrain the rights of association and movement of the majority black population in favor of its white minority.

The vast majority of the protests in Ferguson have been peaceful—as noticed by President Obama himselfand the United States Constitution recognizes—at least in theory—the right of peaceful assembly, freedom of association, and freedom of expression as basic human rights. Nonetheless, according to Amnesty International, the police have responded with direct violent dispersal, tear gassing and other chemical irritants, heavy-duty riot gear, military grade weapons, and rubber bullets, plus the imposition of restrictions on the rights to protest, curfews, and submission to Long Range Acoustic Devises (LRAD). The report of Amnesty international reads not like the report of the social life in an advanced democracy, but like a report describing



the conditions in a far away country that can't be ours.

The same president who promptly sought-and rightly so-to amend the racist wrong doings against Henry For him, the white American world was trapped without possibilities of escape in the contradiction between their declared moral and civic convictions i.e. The American Declaration of

and Violent Act (1994). Nor has The United States Congress acted to pass the

Compared to the "beer summit" photo, the report offers us a different kind of photograph of ourselves. It is not nice—it

is ugly, shameful and complicated but it is showing a rare 'selfie' of who we still

In his short story, Stranger in the Village,

the black writer James Baldwin noticed

that the identity of both the white and the

Black people's quest for humanity

End Racial Profiling Act.

are and what needs to change.



Louis Gates, has remained relatively quiet about the abuses experienced by common black people in Ferguson. The Department of Justice has not been vigorous in conducting a transparent

Independence and the Constitution, and the exploitative conditions imposed by them via slavery to black people. For Baldwin this condition was inescapable due to the economic necessities of



investigation into the death of Michael Brown, nor in collecting and publishing the statistics on police shootings in accordance with Violent Crime Control

American Capitalism. From Europe (particularly from the British Empire), America also inherited the conviction

PISPENSABLE, continued on page 7.

GOT GUTS?

Are you prepared to build a school in a foreign country without an M-16 on your back and no air support?

Join the Peace Corps.

Global Inquiries

Burke Flanagan, Principal



Community Sustaining Fund of Thurston County is now accepting applications from groups and individuals interested in progressive, community-oriented activities.

DEADLINE — Friday, November 7

Grant criteria and application forms are available at www.oly-wa.us/csf/Resources.php or by request at thurstoncsf@comcast.net



▶ Pispensable, cont. from page 6.

of white supremacy, which made it impossible for white men "to accept the black man as one of themselves, for to do so was to jeopardize their status as white man". For Baldwin, it is against the backdrop of capitalism's necessity of slavery at the beginning of the nation, and the empty and selective discourse of American democracy that the white man seeks to construct his identity, which by its very nature would be fragmented and contradictory.

The Negro identity, on the other hand, is also formed in direct correlation to the economic needs of an expanding white nation (the US) to exploit black men and women through the institution of slavery. Being severed from their past (Africa) and uncertain about the possibilities of taking power from the new masters, Black people survive though their quest for humanity and rights as human beings-a long quest with uneven results as exhibits 1,2, and 3 show in the discrete but telling language of photography.

Enrique Quintero, a political activist in Latin America during the 70's, taught ESL and Second Language Acquisition in the Anchorage School District, and Spanish at the University of Alaska Anchorage. He currently lives and writes in Olympia.

EPA ignores public outcry, approves dangerous weed killer

Washington, DC – The Environmental Protection Agency has decided to approve a toxic weed killer known as Enlist Duo, despite overwhelming opposition from the scientific and public health community, EWG said in a statement today.

Enlist Duo, manufactured by Dow AgroSciences, a subsidiary of Dow Chemical Company, is a toxic combination of the herbicide 2,4-D and glyphosate, the active ingredient in Monsanto's Roundup. The EPA's decision means Dow can sell Enlist Duo in conjunction with its new genetically engineered products, 2,4-D-tolerant corn and soybean seeds. The U.S. Department of Agriculture recently approved Dow's application to market these seeds.

Dow has announced plans to start marketing Enlist Duo in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin.

"The EPA ignored science pointing to the serious health risks – especially to children – associated with 2,4-D," said Mary Ellen Kustin, EWG's senior policy analyst.

Last summer, 35 doctors and scientists

warned the EPA against expanding the use of 2,4-D, highlighting links between pesticide exposure and health problems such as suppressed immune function and greater risk of Parkinson's disease. Later, 50 members of Congress asked EPA and USDA to reconsider their approval of the 2,4-D-tolerant seeds and weed killer.

The USDA estimates that use of 2,4-D will triple by 2020, compared to current usage. EWG research shows that more than 480 elementary schools nationwide are within 200 feet of corn and soybean fields that could be sprayed with 2,4-D.

"Children who are most vulnerable and susceptible to these toxic weed killers will have an increased risk of being exposed to a defoliant linked to cancer and Parkinson's disease," added Kustin.

In addition to toxicity concerns, increasing the use of weed killers could further escalate the evolution of "superweeds" resistant to known herbicides.

"This continued arms race between chemical companies and superweeds is a threat to sustainable farming and public health," added Kustin. "EPA's decision to up the ante of Roundup by approving Enlist Duo is unconscionable."

—Environmental Working Group

Hunger and Learning

Page 7

Tina Richins

How do you think food impacts my, or any child's, learning in school? Does it even have an impact? Can food improve your grades? Your concentration? Your activity?

The answer to all of these questions is "yes." A child needs food every morning to have a successful day. When we don't eat in the morning, our concentration is on our stomach, on the pain it feels. Without eating, our brain has no food to start on, therefore brain activity is low. According to a report by the Food Research and Action Center, behavior, test scores, attendance, attention, cognitive function, and memory all improved when eating breakfast.

I know that when I didn't used to eat breakfast in the morning, I was really tired. My mind would just wander and I would start to doze off in class. My doctor told me that I NEED to eat breakfast every morning. Once I started to, I saw a huge change in my activity at school. I could pay attention. I didn't have an ache in my stomach and I just felt more active.

What's going on in our community

All schools in the Olympia School District [as well as those in most other districts] have a free & reduced lunch program. Any low-income student has an opportunity to be a part of this program. They have the chance to get free breakfast and lunch. In the summer there is also a Summer Lunch Program, sponsored by Olympia Parks, Arts and Recreation, provided by OSPI and the USDA. Everyone 18 and under can enjoy a free lunch every weekday this summer.

What does GRuB do?

I was a part of the summer program at GRuB in 2013. After a long, hot week on the farm, all the crew members had a chance to bring home fresh food that we harvested. Also, every Tuesday and Thursday, we had Guest Chef meal. Guest Chefs are volunteers who come to GRuB and work with three different students/crew members to prepare a meal for the whole crew. During this time, we would learn how to use fresh vegetables from the GRuB Farm in different recipes. It was also an opportunity for most of us to learn how to cook in general.

During the school year, we were taught about how food can affect our learning. I never truly understood how food could affect my, or any child/kid/teenager's learning. If your child isn't eating breakfast in the morning, their whole day is seriously affected by it. Feeding your child or yourself in the morning is important. Give your child or yourself the advantage of having a healthy body and mind.

Tina Richins was a 2013/14 GRuB School student.

This article was originally posted on the GRuB website.

What's going around food? All schools: But I did some calculations District [as well

something.

Spare some change?
Sorry...

with nine year old math,

of outstretched hands.

I thought we could do

imagined a coin in every set

I don't know when nine year old math became adult penny-pinching. When I learned to look straight ahead without breaking stride. When I found only powerlessness in my wallet.

When I forgot to imagine myself in that child in Africa's place and only remember to move quick, forget what my privilege is based on, forget to see humans around me, and just walk right along.

I know that handing out quarters won't change someone's life. But I also know I have more to offer than apologies or loose change.

Daniel Georgeson is a member of Old Growth Poetry Collective here in Olympia. He helps run a regular poetry open-mic, Olympia People's Mic, every Thursday at Cafe Love, starting at 7:00 pm.

Look Straight Ahead

Daniel Georgeson

Spare some change? Sorry, don't have any on me. Thanks anyway.

I don't have change on me when I'm downtown and walk with class privilege tunnel-vision down the street.

I only carry apologies, no time to stop for even a second.

When I was nine, and didn't understand money yet, my family went to Africa to visit close friends for Christmas.

Walking through Lalibela, a small village in Ethiopia, we toured churches connected with underground tunnels.

Dazzling colors of stained glass and elaborate jeweled crosses covered the walls of each one.

Spare some change? Sorry...

I was raised Christian and something that's stayed from childhood hope to adult atheism is the irony of beautiful churches towering over poverty next door.

Walking to another souvenir shop rows of outstretched hands, and voices begging in Amharic filled either side of the path.

Their cheeks and lips dried by the sun, thirst burning on their skin like I had never seen before. People crammed elbow to elbow, on their knees faces up to hot sun watching tourists push through with American money in a hurry to vacation.

Our tour guide said

look straight ahead, never break stride, don't talk to a begger on either side. If you give to anyone, they won't leave you alone.

But I stopped, saw a child my own age underneath his grandmother to hold her frail arms in a final plea for compassion.

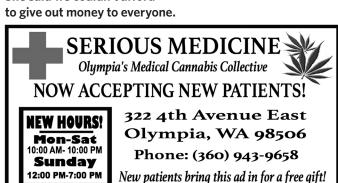
I imagined spending entire days video games traded for sun burns basketball for tunnel vision rejections quick bike rides to the park for hours barely standing in hopes of my next meal.

My grandma out of a retirement home, collapsing on me in the street and all I can do is stretch out for pennies.

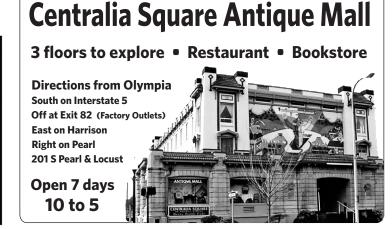
For tourists photographing poverty. For nothing.

Spare some change? Sorry...

My mother hid all the cash in a necklace wallet to prevent pickpockets so I saw every bill doled out for a marketplace trinket or snack. She said we couldn't afford to give out money to everyone



https://www.facebook.com/SeriousMedicineCollective



Great blue heron rookery on the Westside saved from development

Janine Unsoeld

The Olympia Coalition for **Ecosystems Preservation announced** this weekend that a Great Blue Heron rookery on Olympia's westside has been

In an open letter to the community this weekend, Daniel Einstein, founder of the Coalition, said that Olympian Alicia Elliott bought the property, thus preventing it from being developed into

The group formed after it was announced that the city had received an application for a short plat and townhome development. The developer, Glenn Wells, proposed the construction of three, two-unit townhomes, Wells Townhomes, and a six bay detached

The letter from the Coalition states that Elliott was moved by the threat facing the rookery.

"...That began a journey which has led Alicia to purchase the 1.84-acre parcel that holds most, but not all, of the nesting trees. She is now under contract to purchase the adjacent 2.73acre parcel to the north. This provides a critical buffer for the herons as they return for the winter breeding season. At the same time, we are in positive negotiations with the developer, who has been very receptive to the unique habitat profile of his property...."

Alicia Elliott is also known for purchasing vacant property on the corner of Division and Harrison, and creating the space into a vibrant community area now called West Central Park. Most recently, Elliott also bought the property of the former DeGarmo's Pharmacy next to the park. That space is scheduled to be converted into a café in the Spring of 2015.

Rookery's first seasonal work party

At the Coalition's first seasonal work party held this afternoon at the rookery site located at the end of Dickinson Avenue NW, many volunteers came to thank Elliott and work to clear the site of ivy and other debris.

Einstein took time to briefly describe the property's purchase and history of the area.

"The developer was in a reciprocal easement agreement with another property owner through this driveway to access utilities, sewer, electric, gas. Any future subdivision could buy into his utility. Buying this parcel takes that out of the picture because these properties will never be subdivided," said Einstein.

"In 2009, the developer logged the property, going right through the heron's nesting trees, and created a 450 foot driveway. After it was logged, the blue heron population plummeted."

Asked if he has found any dead herons, Einstein said yes.

"We did find dead chicks and eggshells. We can't prove it was directly





Volunteers Meghan Hopkins and her four-year-old daughter, Clare, clear ivy from land at the end of Dickinson Avenue NW, recently purchased by Alicia Elliott. Photo: Janine Unsoeld

linked to the logging because herons are preyed upon by eagles, but part of that is, the clearing of the trees left the nests wide open for the eagles to get in. They are also very sensitive to noise and this was a huge disruption," said

Einstein said there are 14 nests on the property. "That means 28 adults, and each nest usually contains four eggs, so there are about 50 to 60 herons here at the height of breeding season."

Einstein says their breeding season is in August and September.

"The herons are gone now to other places, but they'll be coming back in January or February, so this is our window of opportunity to do work. We want to create a viable ecosystem, so there's going to be some restoration."

Einstein says the remains of a former homeless camp there have been cleared.

"The idea is to close this area off and create a habitat preserve. We're going to have to create that because there isn't one in city code. The herons need to be left alone so we can enjoy them down on the shoreline. We are also working

to daylight Schneider Creek and restore it for fish passage....Eventually, we want to protect 80 to 90 acres," said Einstein.

While Einstein says he's been having positive conversations with city officials, a few policies regarding codes and lax permitting have to be changed in order to make progress.

He also stressed the need to make the city's urban forester position fulltime. City of Olympia Urban Forester Michelle Bentley has a heavy workload and is only available parttime, Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. 12:00 noon.

Volunteers make it happen

"It's so exciting!" said Debbie Hathaway, a board member of the Olympia Coalition for Ecosystems Preservation.

"It's been a very encouraging sign that neighbors care about wildlife corridors. It's a sign of good things to come. It's also a good example of how we can work together," said Hathaway.

Northwest neighborhood resident Meghan Hopkins also came, and brought her hard-working four year old daughter, Clare.

"We can see the herons from our living room window. It's inspiring to see community members come together for what they believe in for the creatures of the natural and human worlds, and balance out everyone's needs," said Meghan Hopkins.

For more information about the Olympia Coalition for Ecosystems Preservation, go to: http://www. olyecosystems.org.

For more information about West Central Park, Alicia Elliott, and DeGarmo's Pharmacy, go to www. janineslittlehollywood.blogspot.com and type key words into the search engine.

Janine Unsoeld is a local writer who blogs at www.janineslittlehollywood. blogspot.com. This article is reprinted with her permission.

Women criticize NOW for taking money from Chevron in Ecuador pollution case

Call for full disclosure by NOW's legal group of all Chevron "donations"

NEW YORK, N.Y., Oct. 17 - The legal arm of the National Organization for Woman ("NOW") is under attack from rainforest indigenous villagers and their allies for accepting a large donation from Chevron and then filing a legal brief in favor of the oil company in its campaign to evade an Ecuador court judgment ordering it to clean up extensive oil contamination in the Amazon.

The NOW legal group never disclosed its financial ties to court" brief filed recently before the United States Court of Appeals in New York, raising ethical concerns and infuriating women in Ecuador who have battled for two decades to hold Chevron accountable for dumping billions of gallons of toxic

waste onto their ancestral lands. "This is a very disturbing example of how NOW's legal advocates are both deceiving courts and openly betraying the women of Ecuador who have suffered hugely at the hands of Chevron," said Mariana Jimenez, a resident of Lago Agrio, a small town in the rainforest that served as the headquarters of Chevron's operations in the country from 1964 to 1992.

NOW's legal arm—which used to be known as the NOW Legal Defense and Education Fund but now goes by the name "Legal Momentum"—received a major donation from Chevron and a separate donation from Chevron's lead outside law firm just months before

filing a surprise legal brief in favor of the oil giant in the U.S. portion of the Ecuador case. (By rule, an amicus brief comes from a disinterested party that offers information that bears on the issues being decided by the appellate court. The rules bar payments by a party for an amicus brief.)

Both Chevron and the outside law firm, Gibson Dunn & Crutcher, each gave the organization between \$25,000 and \$50,000 sometime in the fiscal year ending in 2013, according to Legal

Chevron in the "friend of the "A lot of people down here are suffering from cancer, including women and ethics professor from the children. It is shocking to us that NOW who is part of the trial team would side with Chevron under these circumstances."

> Momentum's website. Only three entities (two of them foundations) donated more money to the organization than Chevron, which was the only oil and gas company listed among Legal Momentum's contributors.

> Pablo Fajardo, the lead Ecuadorian lawyer for the affected communities, called on both Chevron and Legal Momentum to disclose the exact amount and dates of all contributions made by the oil company or any of the estimated 60 outside law firms it has used to defend the Ecuador case. Legal Momentum's website does not disclose whether Chevron continues to contribute to the organization.

"It is critical that both Chevron and

Legal Momentum need to come clean to the court about the full extent of their financial relationship," Fajardo said.

"It certainly appears that Chevron has paid for a legal brief while trying to make it seem to the court like it came from a disinterested party," he added. "Those of us who are deeply involved in the Ecuador litigation know that pay to play is a normal practice for Chevron. As a civil rights group, NOW should not enable such a practice by any entity, much less a corporate polluter

> that has caused a public health catastrophe affecting thousands of people."

> Chris Gowen, a legal Washington College of Law representing the villagers, said Legal Momentum appears to have a conflict of interest that should immediately be disclosed to

the federal appellate court.

"Legal Momentum should disclose its financial ties to Chevron because it greatly affects the court's ability to assess the organization's credibility as a so-called disinterested party," Gowen

In 2011, after an eight-year trial that produced more than 100 technical reports documenting extensive contamination, an Ecuador court found Chevron guilty of deliberately discharging billions of gallons of toxic waste and imposed a \$19 billion liability. Five justices from Ecuador's Supreme Court unanimously affirmed the judgment last year, but lowered the

▶ **NOW,** continued on page 9.

▶ NOW, cont. from page 8.

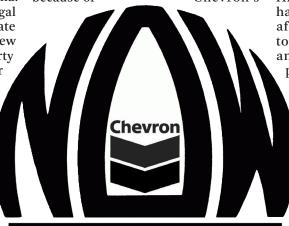
liability to \$9.5 billion by eliminating a punitive penalty. Because Chevron refuses to pay, the villagers have filed collection actions to seize company assets in Canada, Brazil, and Argentina.

Chevron, with the help of NOW's Legal Momentum, is asking a U.S. appellate court to uphold a ruling from a New York trial judge allowing a private party to enjoin collection of the Ecuador judgment in courts throughout the world based on a novel expansion of U.S. racketeering laws. In the past, NOW has tried to use the same racketeering laws against antiabortion protestors. Both the U.S. Department of Justice and almost all federal courts to deal with the issue have opposed the use of the racketeering laws by a private party in this fashion, claiming that they violate free speech and were never authorized by Congress.

The Ecuadorian villagers argue that no U.S. judge has the authority to block a foreign court judgment from being enforced overseas. An unprecedented decision in 2011 by the same New York trial judge (Lewis A. Kaplan) that purported to block enforcement of the Ecuador judgment throughout the world was unanimously overturned on appeal, dealing a stunning blow to Chevron's prospects. Chevron then went back to Kaplan and got the same injunction under the racketeering law.

(Chevron, which transferred the pollution trial from the U.S. to Ecuador in 2002 on the condition that it would abide by any adverse decision, alleges the judgment was obtained by fraud. The villagers and their counsel categorically reject the allegations and say they are a smokescreen invented by the company to hide evidence of its toxic dumping and fraud in Ecuador. For a comprehensive account of the evidence that convicted Chevron as well as the company's attempts to sabotage the proceedings in Ecuador, read the appellate brief of New York human rights attorney Steven Donziger, available here; and this summary of the evidence).

The filing of the NOW brief on behalf of Chevron angered women in Ecuador who live in the rainforest communities affected by the company's operations, which took place between 1964 and 1992. Ms. Jimenez asserted that Legal Momentum "has taken a stand in favor of a polluter and against women and children who are suffering from cancer and other grievous harm because of Chevron's



NATIONAL

ORGANIZATION FOR WOMEN

outrageous and reckless behavior."

"We are furious that a major American advocacy group that purports to advocate on behalf of women would sell out the women of Ecuador in this fashion," she added.

Mercedes Jaramillo, another villager, said she was "astounded" that a women's group would side with Chevron. "This is a terrible betrayal of female solidarity on a global scale," she said. "A lot of people down here are suffering from cancer, including women and children. It is shocking to us that NOW would side with Chevron under these circumstances."

American allies of the Ecuadorian women also weighed in against Legal Momentum's decision.

"It seems outright unethical for a prominent woman's rights organization to take money from Chevron and then support the company's legal attack against the women the oil giant poisoned in Ecuador," said Atossa Soltani, the Founder and Executive Director of Amazon Watch, a U.S.-based environmental organization that works with the affected Ecuadorian communities. "We hope that NOW's members will voice their concerns and push back against this clear lapse in

judgment."

"Historically, NOW has done solid legal work but has been justly criticized for ignoring women of color in both its membership and it policies," said Karen Hinton, an independent blogger who has served as a spokesperson for the affected communities. "The decision to align itself with Chevron suggests an insensitivity to attacks by private polluters on vulnerable women of color across the globe."

The website for Legal Momentum indicates that Chevron's donation arrived as it became clear the U.S. appeal would come at a critical juncture in the litigation, which began in 1993. The pending appeal, by Donziger and two of his clients in Ecuador, is considered particularly strong given the

obvious animus of Judge Kaplan against the villagers, the lack of jurisdiction, and the fact Chevron paid more than \$1 million for key witness testimony, according to this analysis of the case

The relationship between NOW and Chevron also fits into a broader pattern of Chevron hiding its financial ties to non-profit organizations that are filing "friend of the court" briefs on the company's behalf in the Ecuador case.

For example, the U.S. Chamber of Commerce—which has received millions of dollars in contributions from Chevron in recent years—also filed an amicus brief in favor of the oil company as a supposed disinterested party but did not disclose its financial ties. Nor did the Business Roundtable, which receives substantial contributions from the oil giant but failed to disclose them in its separate amicus brief.

Chevron's controversial practices with "amicus" briefs also has spread to Canada.

Just last month, the Canadian Bar Association withdrew its own "amicus" brief in favor of Chevron—one written "pro bono" by an outside law firm used by the oil company for its oil and gas business in Calgary—after a near revolt by hundreds of CBA members. That brief concerned issues in the enforcement action brought by the villagers targeting Chevron's assets in the country, which is being heard by the Canada Supreme Court in December.

While Chevron tried to use the filing of Legal Momentum's brief as a public relations coup, a vast array of human rights and civil society organizations are supporting the affected communities before the court without any payments at all. More than 35 international law scholars from 11 countries filed a brief in support of the communities arguing that Chevron's legal position clearly violates fundamental principles of international law. They also were joined by 17 U.S. advocacy groups, including Amnesty International, Rainforest Action Network, and Greenpeace.



Let's burn something

The way they once burned bras

Let's make a statement by burning banks and malls

Let's set alight the Dollar Tree to shine a light on poverty

Let's drag the burning carcass of capitalism

down the street of democracy

NOW, man!

No other way, man!

The flames of revolution have found their biggest fan

But I'm not here to blow your minds, just change 'em

Get your gears in motion and churning

What's strange is that it isn't already burning

This 'n' that and that 'n' this

It's all goin' up—snap, crackle, hiss

I'd start with the flag but it's such a cliché

Oh shit, what rhymes with cliché?

Nietzsche?

What the hell, let's burn it anyway

Too often feared and misunderstood is this notion

of apocalypse

People talk of the end of the world as if nothing

will be reborn from the ashes

What they don't understand is that there will be no end,

no period—only commas, colons... ellipses and dashes

And the fires we start will be bonfires

We are not here to start wars or cause mere destruction

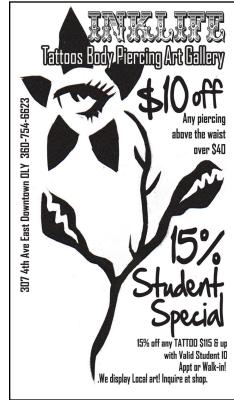
We're throwing the biggest bashes

by broKEN

Kenneth continues to struggle through poverty, bringing home the bacon only when it's free. The starving artist is what he has been branded; though he writes from the left, he is definitely right-handed.







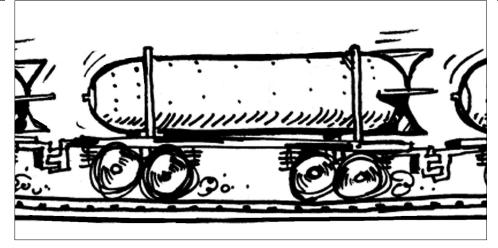
▶ Inslee's report, cont. from page 1.

decades." (36) "The environmental risks from spills already existed in all areas of the state for decades." (38) "While diluted bitumen has been transported into Washington for decades," (38) "The socio-economic risks from oil spills has already existed in all areas of the state for decades." (40)

But, of course, the scale of extraction of these "non-conventional" crudes has NOT been happening for decades nor have we experienced the consequent level of threat to our communities, our natural and treaty resources and our economic infrastructures.

Inslee's study assumes all this extraction and transportation can be mitigated and focuses solely on risk. In focusing solely on risk, the authors are admitting they have no idea about, understanding of, or control over what they are facilitating. They refuse to exercise caution even in the face of existing catastrophic consequences. The study's authors need to visit the still cordoned off downtown Lac Megantic or watch the film, Petropolis, showing the devastation from the Alberta tar sands where two of the three largest dams by volume in the world hold back all the unmitigated rot. And this study wants to reward all this by transporting it through

Is there any value to this draft? Yes, it indirectly supports the statewide demand for an immediate moratorium on Crude by Rail. The study lists in excruciating detail how totally exposed everyone in this state is to the explosive danger of the existing crude by rail traffic. The Washington State Council of Fire Fighters is right. There needs to be an immediate halt to this oil train traffic.



"Nearly three million Washington state residents live in 93 cities and towns on or near crude by rail trains routes" (or, as we would say, are in the "blast zone.") (30)

"Current tank car placarding standards for the transportation of hazardous materials are First Responders timely and important information. "(51)

"None of the current crude by rail are subject comprehensive response plans."

"Railroad spills are not currently covered by state approved oil spill contingency

"Washington has not established financial responsibility levels for facilities which include both fixed and mobile facilities and rail as a facility. (68)

"The current state regulatory definition of oil may not include certain heavy oils, diluted bitumen, synthetic crudes, and other crude oils produced in Canada that

are transported in Washington. (68)

"Currently, the state does not have means to gather information on the type or volume of oil being shipped through Washington." (69)

insufficient in providing In focusing solely on risk, they are ad-oil terminals, expanding mitting they have no idea about, understanding of or control over what they are requirements for facilitating. They refuse to exercise the precautionary principle in the face of exist- Alberta and North Dakota. ing catastrophic consequences.

> 62% of the state's 278 fire districts "believe that their departments are not sufficiently trained or do not have the resources to respond to a train derailment accompanied by fire." (70)

An overwhelming majority of first responders surveyed "are not aware of the response strategies or resources in place by railroads should an incident take place." (71)

There is "not a comprehensive inventory of the equipment location that would aid in locating and sharing equipment when it is needed." (72)

'Training for first responders in Washington State is currently insufficient and is not uniformly coordinated, and what training is currently available is at risk of reduction due to reduced federal grants. (72)

A Geographic Response Plans for oil spills to water "have not been developed for most of the rail corridors through which crude by rail trains are transiting...." (73)

How can this state level study process be used? There seems to be two options.

The study can be an opportunity to create a love fest for the "beleaguered green governor" who pleads that he has no authority to regulate rail and wants communities throughout the state to back a doomed legislative agenda to expand agency study budgets while oil terminals get approved, oil refineries get expanded, and our rail system is turned into a permanent carbon corridor for the export of tar sands and Bakken crude.

Or, the study can be a reminder that the strength of community resistance was what produced this attempt at mis-direction and the task remains

> to continue building opposition to state sponsored refineries and a state bureaucracy collaborating with BNSF's mission to export through our public ports global pollution from the broken earth of Northern

I had a conversation with a person several months ago who described the small Lewis county rail towns of Vader, Winlock and Napavine as "sacrifice zones." More

recently I drove the BNSF track in Eastern Washington. I now think the farm towns of Cheney, Sprague, Ritzville, Lind, Hatton, Connell and Mesa are also "sacrifice zones." Increasingly, I've come to believe that our entire state is being made a sacrifice zone to the extractive madness of the big oil and the state government is currently facilitating its

Inslee's study is an attempt to cap the oppositional movement and trade the state's future for a false climate agenda based on mitigating disaster at the margins. It won't work.

Dan Leahy is a Westside resident and proud member of the Decatur Raiders.

Thank you, Port Commissioners **George Barner and Sue Gunn**

Carol Seaman

Where were our port commissioners in **Grays Harbor? Glaringly absent from the** crude oil concerns voiced by the citizens!

Last July 6, 2014, Olympia Port Commissioner, George Barner, spoke to Grays Harbor citizens and members of the Quinault Nation—at Zelasko Park in Aberdeen. On that same summer day, as Grays Harbor honored and recognized 47 victims of the Lac Megantic, Quebec, crude oil explosion, Mr. Barner spoke to the crowd, recognizing the dangers posed to all of us by the current "crude by rail" proposals through our communities, our state—our Washington Ports. On that same day Mr. Barner noted both Olympia's, and Grays Harbor Citizens' concerns for their "safety, health and well being" with three crude oil proposals at The Port of Grays Harbor (Westway, Imperium, U.S Development/Grays Harbor Terminal)

Furthermore, Mr. Barner, Port Commissioner from Olympia, promised to take our concerns, his as well, tothe WPPA (Washington Public Ports Association) for discussion and consideration of the many dangers posed to all of our communities by these proposals. Mr. Barner, from Olympia was taking us to the higher power of "Ports" in Washington? I remember thinking, "Finally, surely, something will be done--now someone is listening." If our Port Commissioners here in Grays Harbor won't listen—we take what we get.

None of the three Port Commissioners from Grays Harbor were at this event, either to explain the logic of this crude oil or to show their concern. To date, the Port of Grays Harbor has not explained to us, in the blast zone, exactly how railing 110 trains a month through our communities and exporting 2.7 billion gallons of explosive crude from our Harbor—causing a 383% increase in vessel traffic—in a tidal, tsunami and earthquake liquification zone is

good for us. For the most part all Port Commissioners, including our Executive Director, Gary Nelson, have been glaringly absent from public information events & forums concerning the three crude oil proposals at Grays Harbor. Therefore, a reasonable person can assume they are not concerned with community concerns.

It wasn't until last Tuesday (10/21) when the *Daily World* came out with their front page story,"Censured Port of Olympia duo bites back", that we knew George Barner meant what he said! As he said, he did speak up, along with a fellow Port Commissioner of Olympia, criticizing the three oil proposals, the Port of Grays Harbor and the City of Hoquiam. It's about time that one of the 75 ports in the WPPA speaks out against the offenses to another community's well-being, but then to be censured! Shameful. It shows exactly where the power is in Ports in Washington—it ain't a pretty picture and it ain't the power of the people!

However, again, it is bitter sweet--our small moment of believing someone out there actually cares that we, the people, are forced to turn our port and our communities, our safety, our way of life, over to crude oil. Gary Nelson has explained to us that it is "legal." He is acting legally, therefore he shouldn't be criticized—or questioned. Still, In the words of the WPPA, ports are also assigned to "make whatever decisions that are in the best interests of their communities."

That is the part not yet explained to citizens of Grays Harbor by WPPA, or by their own Port. We still don't understand how thousands of gallons of oil tank storage and shippping at a terminal across the street from a wildlife refuge is good for the community? We know it's legal, but how did that happen "in the best interest of the community?" Mr. Nelson, Grays Harbor Port Executive forgot that part.

Carol Seaman is a concerned Grays Harbor citizen living on the Chehalis River.



A new day, cont. from page 1.

The suggestion that we should vote one in never materializes into actual policies, in spite of strong arguments in favor of it. We voted ourselves into a pickle in terms of raising property taxes when we passed Initiative 747 in 2001, limiting increases in property taxes to 1% per year or the increase in inflation, whichever was smaller. We live in a tax averse state.

Regulated inequality in WA State

In January 2013, the Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy issued a report called "Who Pays: A

Distributional Analysis of Tax Systems in all Fifty States," and in it, they argue that Washington State has the most regressive tax policies of any state in this nation. Regressive tax policies are those that force families with the lowest incomes to pay high proportions of that limited income on taxes, while families with

the highest incomes are allowed to pay a much smaller proportion of their incomes on taxes. In other words, with regressive tax rates, rich families receive a lower effective tax rate than do poor families. That's the case in Washington State.

In WA State, the average income for families in the bottom 20% was \$11,500. State and local taxes required 16.9% of their income. On average, across all states, families with the lowest incomes paid 11% for state and local taxes. At the other end of the income scale, families with incomes in the top 1%--average \$1,131,500—needed 2.8% of that income to pay for state and local taxes. Across the country, families in the top 1% needed 5.6% of their incomes to pay state and local taxes. Because of our tax practices, we've earned the label "#1 of the Terrible Ten"—most regressive of

all the states.

None of this is new news—it's the situation we have been living with, and probably would go on living with, except the Supreme Court has ruled that we need to live up to our state Constitution in which we declare our commitment to providing every child in Washington State with a basic education.

In the upcoming legislative session, these fundamental contradictions in our state policies will come to a head. We can't continue to tax the poor and shelter the rich while providing a basic education to all. Well, we can, if we cut

In the upcoming legislative session, these fundamental contradictions in our state policies will come to a head. We can't continue to tax the poor and shelter the rich while providing a basic education to all.

all the things on the list named above.

Reckless endangerment?

Bill Stauffacher, the lobbyist for the Independent Insurance Agents and Brokers (IIABW), is ready to make those cuts. In a letter to members of the IIABW, Stauffacher explains that the lobby will face two big tax fights—an effort to increase the B&O tax rate on producer commissions, and an effort to create a state capital gains tax, which he argues, is the first step towards a state income tax.

Stauffacher writes, "IIABW-member agencies and producers who are concerned about their B&O taxes increasing or the possibility of a new state capital gains tax (yes, you read that correctly) should run right at the looming political hurricane with all the collective force and fury we can marshal.

This requires a renewed commitment to supporting the Big I PAC, timely grassroots participation and support of IIABW's lobbying efforts."

The status quo that Stauffacher supports—that the Supreme Court objects to—is one the state has tried to address before. In the 1970's, in Thurston County, Judge Robert Doran ruled that schools were too reliant on local levies for their funding, which led to inequities across districts. The Supreme Court agreed in 1978, and the Levy Lid Act was passed, allowing local levies to pay for no more than 10% of a

district's education. That was repealed, and replaced, and the allowable levy limit crept up towards 30%. Currently, local levies provide about 16% of school funding, and the state provides 66 % (Center for Budget and Policy).

What this means is that schools are not equal. Opportunities for learning are not equal. Local levies

in the Sumner School District in north Pierce County add \$2578 per student per year to the district budget. Local levies in the Sunnyside School District in Yakima add \$351 per student. What difference can \$2227 per student per year make in a school, or in a district? That's a \$55,000 difference in each 25-student classroom, each year.

Bill Stauffacher and his PAC may win. Washington may continue to be a comfortable home for the wealthy, while at the same time taxing the poor and providing inadequate services. He's organized, he's focused, and he's getting ready now. Are we?

Emily Lardner teaches at The Evergreen State College and co-directs The Washington Center for Improving Undergraduate Education, a public service of the college.

Report on federal-state partnership to reduce student debt

(New York, NY) — As the country struggles to find remedies for its growing student debt problem, the national public policy organization Demos has released The Affordable College Compact, a new a proposal for a federal-state matching program to alleviate this burden for students and address many of the contributing factors of rising college costs, most notably state disinvestment.

Nearly three out of four college students attend public universities. With a majority – 64 percent – of these bachelor's degree graduates leaving those colleges with student debt, this policy proposal would base matching funds and awards on a school's commitment to higher education as a public good. Using state-by-state data, the brief finds that 26 states would currently be eligible for federal match funding under the Affordable College Compact – impacting approximately 7.2



million poor, working and middle-class students.

"Just a generation ago, college students could take on a part-time summer job and pay for the entirety of a year's education," said Mark Huelsman, report author and Senior Policy Analyst at Demos. "But, over the past 25 years, we've seen state funding for students drop by 29 percent. This not only leaves students with no other option outside of borrowing, but it also threatens our system of higher education as a worthy public investment."

To be eligible for federal match funds, states would be required to commit that revenue from tuition does not exceed revenue from state appropriations. By doing so, states would then qualify for one of two matching grants, depending on the level of state commitment.

The first, a 20% match on every dollar spent on public higher education, would require states to:

- maintain minimum per-student funding levels
- ensure that college costs are distributed more equitably for all students

Second, to ensure that a state institution receives the 60% match on every dollar spent on public higher education, a state must: commit to debt-free higher education for students at or below 300% of the poverty level

publish better data on student outcomes

 ensure that struggling borrowers who do take on student debt are provided with debt-relief options, including debt-for-service or refinancing programs

Additionally, states that go above and beyond previous per-student funding levels should receive an additional 40% match.

"A college education is still the primary pathway to the middle class, yet the average college graduate leaves school with almost \$30,000 in debt," said Huelsman. "Even if each of the currently eligible states kept their overall educational appropriations at their present level, this proposal would go a long way in making student debt the exception to the rule, just as it was a generation ago."

The Affordable College Compact is part of Demos' ongoing work advocating for a return to debt-free college. In early 2012, Demos released The Great Cost Shift, which looked at the negative effects of the downward trend in state investment and how this has impacted today's middle class. Later that year, Demos published The Contract for College, part of the *Millions to the* Middle series and a policy proposal that outlined new options for the most financially strapped college students including reinvestment in community colleges and access to higher education for academically excelling students who lack legal immigration status. Finally, in 2013 Demos released At What Cost?, which examined the lifetime wealth loss for dual headed, college educated -Demos.org households.

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others have tried to push back against this understanding by pointing out, among other things, that 60% of poor people are children, elderly, disabled, or students, that poverty rates differ significantly across the life cycle (with the oldest, non-elderly workers having about half the poverty rate of the youngest), and that the ranks of the poor are much more fluid than many imagine. In this post, I raise another issue with this understanding, that it

puts too much weight on the poverty

line and ignores the number of people

who are near poverty but not in it.

One-third of Americans

(Oct 20) Some people think of

poor people as a small, especially

degenerate class of people. I and

are in or near poverty

The poverty line, which is defined in dollar terms, is a useful construct, but also a limited one. A person who is \$1 below the poverty line is not that much worse off than a person who is \$1 above it, \$2 above it, or \$3 above it. The poverty line and the poverty rate that goes along with it makes it easy for people to conceptualize the poor as a standalone bucket of people. But, in fact, many of the poor are essentially indistinguishable from a much larger mass of people who do not find

themselves in the poverty bucket. For example, the supplemental poverty data that was released last month showed 15.5% of people (49 million people in total) to be below the poverty line. This is a small enough group that you could maybe cast them off as especially bad or inferior or whatever. But sitting just above the poverty line is another 53 million people who aren't in poverty but are near it. That is to say, 32.5% of Americans are below 150% of the poverty line, a total of 102 million people (the same figure under the official poverty metric is 24.3%). If the poor are an especially bad underclass of people, who are the 53 million people who are in their midsts but not quite poor? Is it really the case that a rotating class of one in three Americans is full of mainly garbage human beings? It seems unlikely.

The 150% of the poverty line figure is also, in a sense, arbitrary. It also involves picking some income line and putting everyone beneath it in a bucket. But the income distribution, especially at the bottom, moves up at a fairly gradual (as opposed to punctuated) clip. When you look at the entire income distribution rather than picking lines, there is never any especially large gap that demarcates the poor from the rest. It's a sliding scale all the way up. So where on that sliding scale would you say the bad people end and the good people begin? Which are the people who need Paul Ryan's life coaches and which are the people who don't?

-Matt Bruenig, Demos.org





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Works in Progress Cover Contest!

Announcing the very first Works In Progress Contest for cover-worthy photos and graphics. Inspired by the success of our October 2014 cover (Thanks, Jamie Lee, for the photo!) we are launching our first ever photo and graphic contest. First prize is \$100, second prize \$50, and the third prize is a gift certificate for a

Guidelines:

delicious Vic's Pizzeria pizza!

Photos must be black and white and submitted

Graphics must be scanned.

All submissions must be original, and by submitting them to WIP, the artist agrees that WIP can use the image in the newspaper.

2014.

Deadline for submissions is December 15,

Prizes will be announced in January.



Heaven Adores You Saturday, November 8, 7:30 PM

The film is at its best when resurrecting the '90s Portland scene that shaped Elliott Smith musically and personally, drawing on intimate, original interviews with Smith's friends and colleagues of the period... It's telling that nearly all of the interviewees tear up at some point during their segments, both for their late friend and their hipster paradise lost... Rossi thoroughly covers the Portland waterfront.

-Melissa Anderson, Artforum

Zero Motivation Saturday, November 15, 5 pm

Zero Motivation," and its comic look at militaristic Israeli culture via the ecosystem that is the HRO makes it a fairly different beast. Well-written, "Zero Motivation" is vignette-driven, but also classicist in structure; it knows that when a staple gun is shown in the first act, it must go off in the third. Based on her mandatory military service, Lavie's picture is vaguely autobiographical, but more importantly feels authentic, realized and lived-in.

-Rodrigo Perez, The Playlist

Mahi va gorbeh (Cat and Fish) Tuesday November 11, 9:15 PM Promoted as a "slasher flick," Fish & Cat is probably everything but: a series of melodramatic vignettes concerning young Iranians and their complex romantic entanglements; a Waiting for Godot pastiche about two cannibalistic restaurateurs; a hallucinatory, science-fiction exploration of déjà vu — a slow-paced thriller, though the rewards littered throughout make the ordeal worthwhile.

-Simon Miraudo, Quickflix

Hari Kondabolu & Elicia Sanchez Sunday, November 16, 8 pm

"HK is a brainy comedian who cuts through the polite talk around race and gender." The Stranger: "A national comedy treasure, a wise, witty, golden hearted crusader for funny jokes and social justice."—NPR

Seeing Elicia perform is a lot like staying up late to hear your endearingly weird roommate tell you stories of her nutso life. Once she gets going, you'll find yourself wildly asking "then what happened?!"

—GeekWire.com

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CAPITOL THEATER

November 2014

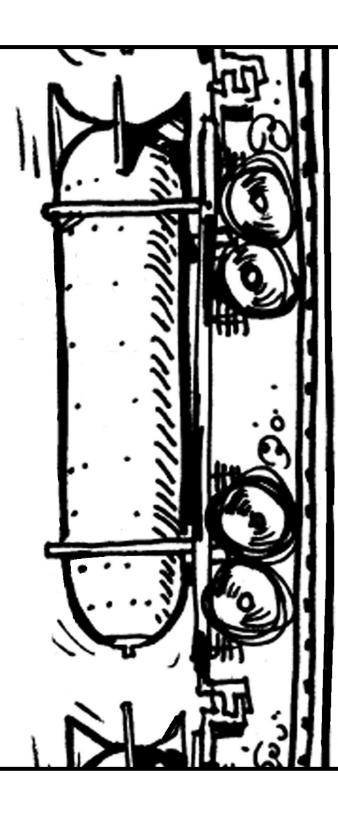
Free, take one!

WORKS IN PROGRESS

FIERCE DATA FOR IMPROVING SERVICE TO THOSE WITHOUT HOMES

When it comes to regressive state taxes, we're number one

LOCAL GROUP IS WORKING TOWARD INDIGENOUS PEOPLE'S DAY 2015



DAN LEAHY TAKES A CLOSE LOOK AT INSLEE'S DRAFT MARINE AND RAIL OIL TRANSPORTATION REPORT

November 2014 — WORKS IN PROGRESS — November 2014